







WKT-ENG-L1-2.0 ISBN 978-1-60391-432-1

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Printed in the United States of America

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Unit 1, Lesson 1, Test

Sec	Section 1. Circle the answer which best completes the sentence.					
1)	men	are running.				
	a. He	b. The	с. А			
2)	The i	is eating.				
	a. girls	b. boy	c. men			
3)	The boys	drinking.				
	a. is	b. are	c. they			
4)	are r	unning.				
	a. They	b. She	c. He			
5)	The woman is	s coo				
	a. king	b. ting	c. ding			
6)	The girls are	swim				
	a. ning	b. ding	c. ming			
	tion O. Complete	the contoness. T	have may be neare then			anla
Sec	lion 2. Complete	the sentences. I	here may be more than		Swer. Fullow the exam	npie:
	The men		are running.			
1)	Не					
2)	The girl					
3)	They					
	-					
4)	The women					
Sec	tion 3. Circle the	word that does n	ot belong in the group.	Follow the examp	ple:	
	the 🤟	they	а			
1)	goodbye	women	hello			
2)	he	she	the			
3)	reading	writing	drinking			
Sec	tion 4. Circle the	word that does n	ot belong in the group.			
1)	boy	women	girls	2) man	girls	boy
-,			0	_,	0	

men

boys

3) woman

Unit 1, Lesson 2, Test

Section 1. Choose a word or phrase from each column to make a complete sentence. More than one answer may be possible. Follow the example:

The child and the woman	is	eating bread
What	are	walking
The adults	is not	bicycles
The dog	are not	rice
The boys	have	a dog
The girl	has	this
She	do not have	reading a book
The men	does not have	sleeping

The child and the woman have bicycles.

1)	2)
3)	4)
5)	6)

Section 2. Add an appropriate word to the list. Follow the example:

	apples eggs sandwiches	1)	coffee milk	2)	cat dog	
3)	driving running	4)	child boy	5)	men women	

Section 3. Put *a*, *an*, or *and*, where necessary. Some answer lines will be left blank. Follow the examples:

	What is this? This	; is	_ rice.		The child is not driving _	a	car.
1)	The boy	the girl are	not sleeping.	2)	They are eating	eggs.	

- 3) The woman is not eating _____ apple. 4) He is drinking _____ coffee.

- 5) The dog is not eating ______ sandwich. 6) They are eating apples ______ bread.

Unit 1, Lesson 3, Test

	He has a blue pen. (You)		You have a blue pen.		
1)	The flowers are big. (The dog)				
2)	l am a student. (He)				
3)	They are walking. (The doctor)				
4)	What are you doing? (The woman)				
5)	I do not have a dog. (The girl)				
6)	The dog has a red ball. (The cats)				
7)) He is a teacher. (We)				
8)	The child is not driving. (I)				
Sect	ion 2. Answer the questions using complete sent	tences. Follow the	e example:		
	What is he doing? <u>He is eating a</u>	sandwich.			
1)	What are you doing?	2)	Are you a police officer?		
3)	Do you have a horse?	4)	What are you eating? _		
5)	What are you drinking?	6)	Are you a student?		
Sect	ion 3. Complete the sentence with an appropriat	e word or phrase	from the box. Follow the examp	ole:	
	red bicycle sw police officer sa	0	blue are students water	5	
	The women are eating <u>sandwiches</u>	<u>s 1)</u>	The girl does not have a _		
2)	The children are not	3)	We _		
4)	He is not a	5)	The sky is		
6)	I am drinking				

Section 1. Rewrite the sentences using the information in parentheses. Follow the example:

Unit 1, Lesson 4, Test

Sec	section 1. cross out the word that does not belong in each list. Follow the example:								
	boy	girl	horse_	man					
1)	grass	three	flowers	tree	2)	plate	bowl	phone	cup
3)	yellow	two	blue	red	4)	moon	dress	skirt	coat
5)	rice	keys	egg	apple	6)	bed	table	chair	adult
7)	tree	two	one	six					

Section 1. Cross out the word that does not belong in each list. Follow the example:

Section 2. Write the question to the answer provided. There may be more than one question possible. Follow the example:

What is	the boy eating?	The boy is eating an apple.
1)		I have a pen.
2)		There are six chairs.
3)		It is a cell phone.
4)		The man is buying a hat.
5)		No. She does not have a dog.
6)		Two flowers are red.

Section 3. Circle the best answer to the question. Follow the example:

	Who has the ball? a. The boy is running.	b. The boy has the ball.	c. The boy has three balls.
1)	What are you doing? a. We are driving.	b. I do not have a car.	c. There are two bicycles.
2)	Is the fish yellow? a. There is one yellow fish.	b. No. I do not have a fish.	c. Yes. The fish is yellow.
3)	How many books are there? a. Two books are green.	b. There are five books.	c. She has six books.
4)	How many hats are red? a. Two hats are red.	b. I have a red hat.	c. The hats are red.
5)	Does he have a cat? <i>a. It is a cat.</i>	b. No. The cat is not sleeping.	c. No. He does not have a cat.

Unit 2, Lesson 1, Test

	What is this? (coffee)	This is coffee.
1)	What are you doing? (eating)	
2)	Are you drinking milk? (water)	
3)	Do you have a pen? (yes)	
4)	Who is playing? (the mother and her daughter)	
5)	How old are you? (12)	
6)	How old is he? (4)	
Sec	tion 2. Fill in the blank with an appropriate word. Follow the	example:
	$__$ have a bicycle. My bicycle is red.	
1)	have one daughter. Our daughter is two	years old.
2)	is eating his sandwich.	
3)	has flowers. Her flowers are red and blue	ıe.
4)	are drinking their coffee.	
5)	The woman and dog are playing.	
6)	The man and sons are sleeping.	
7)	The parents and children are swimming	y.
8)	The husband and wife are reading the	newspaper.
Sec	tion 3. Solve the equation and write the answer on the line.	Follow the example:
	four + three =	
1)	five + one = 2) e	eight + two =

4) two - two =

6) eleven – five =

8) three -two =

Section 1. Answer the questions using the information in parentheses. Follow the example:

5) twelve + zero = _____

3) nine - six =

7) two + six = $(1 + 3)^{2}$

Unit 2, Lesson 2, Test

Secti	on 1. Fill in the blanks	to complete the questions. Follow the example:
	What	do you have? I have the blue flowers.
1)		trees are there? There are eleven trees.
2)		are my shoes? Your shoes are under the table.
3)		is playing? The grandfather and the boy are playing.
4)		is it? It is a desktop computer.
5)		he have a cell phone? No. He does not have a cell phone.
6)		you listening to the radio? Yes. I am listening to the radio.
7)		the bowl yellow? Yes. The bowl is yellow.

Section 2. Read the following information and then answer the questions. Follow the example:

There are eight plates. Three plates are red. Five plates are blue. The plates are on the table. The table is in the kitchen. The man is sitting in the kitchen. He is eating a sandwich.

	Who is sitting in the kitchen?	The man is sitting in the kitchen.	-
1)	How many plates are there?		
2)	Where are the plates?		
3)	How many plates are blue?		
4)	Where is the table?		
5)	What is the man doing?		

Section 3. Choose words from the text box to complete the sentences.

			_	apartment	100	Ir	these	sink	years	under
Th	he <u>toilet</u>	is in th	e bathroom.							
1)	aı	re your bo	oks.		2)	The	re are		bedrooms.	
3) Th	he parents	are	their cl	nildren.	4)	Wea	are listeni	ing to t	:he	_•
5) Th	he	is in th	e kitchen.		6)	She	is seven		old.	
7) Th	he boys ar	e playing	in the	<u> .</u>	8)	The	keys are		the news	paper.

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Unit 2, Lesson 3, Test

360				
	Who is eating in the dining room? The man	is eating in the dining room.		
1)	What is your name?	Miss Simpson.		
2)	How old is he?	years old.		
3)	Where is the man?	the bridge.		
4)	Where are you from?	New York.		
5)	Where do you live?	Rome.		
6)	How many brothers do you have?	brothers.		

Section 1. Complete the sentences to answer the questions. Follow the example:

Section 2. Choose the word that does not belong in each group. Follow the example:

Section 3. Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 1) (/ My) name is Anne. (/ My) am a doctor.
- 2) We (is / are) from Italy. We (live / lives) in Rome.
- 3) (He / His) name is John. (He / His) is a teacher.
- 4) (This / These) is my bedroom. The bedroom is (in / on) the house.
- 5) She (*live* / *lives*) in an apartment.
- 6) Where (do / does) you (live / lives)? I (live / lives) in a house.
- 7) Where are you (from / far)? I am (from / far) Brazil.

Unit 2, Lesson 4, Test

Section 1. Choose the sentence which best matches the picture.



- 1) a. She is sick.
 - b. She is cold.
 - c. She is hungry.



- 4) a. He has gray hair.b. I have gray hair.c. We have gray hair.
 - c. we have gray half.



- 2) a. The bed is black.b. The belt is red.
 - c. The tie is green.



- 5) a. He is not hungry.b. I'm cold.c. We are not thirsty.
 - c. We are not thirsty.



- 3) a. They are hungry.b. We are tired.
 - c. He is cold.

Sec	tion 2. Answer the questions using the information p	rovi	ded in parentheses. Follow the example:
	Are you thirsty? (yes) <u>Yes, I'm thirsty.</u>		1) How are you? (fine)
2)	What color is her hair? (brown)		3) Are you sick? (no)
4)	What is your name? (Amy)	5) What color is his suit? (gray)	
6)	Where do you live? (an apartment)	7) Where are the cups? (sink)	
Sec	tion 3. Rewrite the sentences in the plural. Follow the	e ex	ample:
	His hair is red. <i>Their hair is red</i> .	1)	I'm thirsty
2)	The shoe is white	3)	The tall man is wearing a gray suit
4)	He is not hungry	The girl is wearing a purple shirt	
Sec	tion 4. Number the sentences 1–9 to put the convers	satic	on in the correct order. Follow the examples:
	Nice to meet you.		Where are you from? I'm fine.
	What's your name?		Hello. How are you? I am from Egypt.
	/ Hello5_		My name is Amy Jones Goodbye.

Unit 3, Lesson 1, Test

Section 1. Circle the sentence that best fits the picture.

- 1) A. He is wearing socks, but he isn't wearing shoes.
 - B. He is wearing shoes and socks.
 - C. He is wearing shoes, but he isn't wearing socks.
- 2) A. The doctor works at the hospital.
 - B. The teacher works at the school.
 - C. The man works at the park.
- **3)** A. The man is running inside.
 - B. They are running outside.
 - C. The woman is running outside.
- 4) A. It is morning. The children are eating breakfast.B. It is evening. The children are eating lunch.
 - C. It is afternoon. The children are eating dinner.









Section 2. Match a word or phrase from each column to make a complete, logical sentence. There is only one possible combination for each. Follow the example:

1)	We eat	before	at night.
2)	I'm wearing a coat	don't have	drink coffee?
3)	Twelve comes	works	in the morning.
4)	He has a sandwich,	breakfast	socks.
5)	The man	and	thirteen.
6)	When	but	he's eating it.
7)	They	do you	I'm not wearing a hat.

Section 3. Rewrite the sentences in the negative. Follow the example:

	He is wearing shoes.	He is not wearing shoes.
1)	I have sixteen flowers.	
2)	l'm sick.	
3)	The woman has twenty books.	
4)	We are eating dinner outside.	
5)	They are drinking coffee in the living room.	
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Unit 3, Lesson 2, Test

 Section 1. Rewrite the sentences in a shorter form. Follow the example:

 I am eating bread.
 I'm eating bread.
 1) They do not have socks.

 2) We are visiting Brazil.
 3) She does not have a cell phone.

 4) I am not tired.
 5) They are tasting the coffee.

Section 2. Circle the correct words to complete the sentences based on the pictures.



1) They're (*tasting* / *taste*) the bread.



4) His (fingers / toes)
are (on / in) the table.



 The socks (smelling / smell) bad.



5) Her (hands / toes) are (in / outside) the water.



3) The man is (*smelling* / *smell*) the flower.



6) This is a (flower / tree) in the (fall / winter).

Section 3. Match the words or phrases to form a complete sentence.

1) We're visiting _____

- 2) Welcome _____
- 3) My son is fourteen _____
- 4) The sandwich _____
- 5) They're swimming with _____
- 6) The girl is playing a game with _____
- 7) I'm watching television with _____
- A. weeks old
 B. is on the table.
 C. my father.
 D. to our house!
 E. her mother.
 F. their children.
 G. his sister.

Unit 3, Lesson 3, Test

Section 1. Complete the dialogue based on the pictures.



- B. No. I don't speak Russian.
- 4) How many books are there?A. There are twelve books.B. These are twenty books.
- A. He's fine. B. My teacher is Mr. Jones.
- Are you studying English?
 A. Yes, he is studying English.
 B. Yes, I'm studying English.
- How old is the man?
 A. He's thirty years old.
 B. She's thirty years old.
- 6) Where do you live? A. We live in Rome. B. I'm from Rome.

Section 3. Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 1) (She's / She) from Russia, but she (is not / doesn't) speak Russian.
- 2) (*This / These*) people (*is / are*) from Japan.
- 3) (*My* / *I'm*) teacher is from China. She (*speak* / *speaks*) Chinese. (*Her* / *His*) name is Mei.
- 4) There (is / are) eight (dog / dogs). (It is / They're) running outside.
- 5) How (many / old) flowers do you (has / have)? (We / Our) have sixteen flowers.

Unit 3, Lesson 4, Test

Section 1. Answer the questions based on the pictures. Follow the example:



Why are the people in the kitchen? Because they're washing the plates.



2) Why is the man drinking water?



1) Why does the dog smell bad?



3) Why are the people in the dining room?

Section 2. Write the name of the place associated with the list of words.

1) soap, toothbrush, brush, towel, washing, toothpaste kitchen bedroom 2) plates, cups, cooking, sink, milk, sandwich, coffee living room 3) books, teacher, studying, writing, students dining room hospital doctors, flowers, sick, visiting 4) bathroom television, radio, reading, family, computer 5) park school tables, eating, chairs, plates, cups, dinner 6) playing, ball, trees, grass, children 7) sheets, sleeping, blanket, pillow, bed 8)

Section 3. Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 1) (Why / How / Where) are you in the kitchen? Because (I'm / my / I) cooking.
- 2) (How / Who / When) many eggs is the man buying? (He / His / He's) buying ten eggs.
- 3) (When / Why / Who) is your teacher? (We / We're / Our) teacher is Mr. Haddad.

Unit 4, Lesson 1, Test

	He's washing his hands. (I)	I'm washing my hands.
1)	I have money. (the woman)	
2)	You're buying meat. (We)	
3)	l'm buying an old car. (new car)	
4)	She's shopping at the grocery store. (they)	
5)	My glasses are broken. (not)	
6)	I need a new umbrella. (the man)	
7)	They're selling jewelry at the jewelry store. (He)	

Section 1. Rewrite the following sentences using the information in parentheses. Follow the example:

Section 2. Look at the picture and read the sentence. If the sentence is correct, put a 🗸 on the line. If the sentence is incorrect, rewrite it to match the information in the picture. Follow the example:



They're buying cake. They're buying meat.



He's shopping at a hardware store. 4) My television is not broken. 3)



1) The blue car is new.





He sells fruit. 2)



He doesn't want medicine. 5)

Section 3. Give a logical answer for each question. Follow the example:

Why are you washing your hands?

- Why do you need a new phone? 1)
- 2) Why is the man in the grocery store?
- What are you buying at the bakery? 3)
- Where is the pharmacy? 4)
- Excuse me, is this the bookstore? 5)

I am washing my hands because they are dirty.

Unit 4, Lesson 2, Test



Section 2. Rewrite the sentences without changing the information. Follow the example:



Unit 4, Lesson 3, Test

Sec	tion 1. Put the dialogue in order by	numbering the sentences 1	–12. Follow the exa	mples:
	<u>4</u> We sell a metal lac ladder. Which ladder do you Goodbye. I need a new ladder ladder is broken.	dder and a wooden like more?	Hell The Why 台 How	o. I need a new ladder. metal ladder costs thirty-five euros do you need a new ladder? much does the metal ladder cost? nt the metal ladder.
	ladder is lighter than the wo	ooden ladder. with a credit card.	-	ou want to pay with cash? nk you.
Sec	tion 2. Look at the pictures. Write t	he missing sentences.		
1)	She has some books.	She has more bo	poks.	
2)	My daughter is young.			My daughter is the youngest.
	\$ 500	\$100		\$050
3)	This wooden bowl is inexpensive.	This plastic bow inexpensive.	l is more	
Sec	tion 3. Complete each sentence to			
	The wooden t	table is he	avy.	
1)		CO	sts ten dollars.	
2)		m	ore expensive that	an
3)		fa:	ster than	
4)		m	ore books than _	

5) _____ is made of plastic.

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Unit 4, Lesson 4, Test

Sec	tion 1. Write an appro	priate response u	ising words or p	hrases from the text bo	x. Follow the example:	
		too big red shoes	yellow open	welcome the smallest	twenty euros blue chairs	
	How much does t	he biggest cak	e cost?	It costs twenty euros.		
1)	What size cake do	o you need?				
2)	Thank you.					
3)	Which shoes do y	ou like more?				
4)	Excuse me. Is the	e pharmacy op	en?			
5)	What color cake o	do you want?				
6)	Does the coat fit?	,				
7)	Which chairs do y	ou like?				

Section 2. Look at the pictures and complete the sentences using *none* or *all*. Follow the example:



Section 3. Write an opposite sentence by changing only one word. Follow the example:

	The window is open.	The window is closed.
1)	He has the most bread.	
2)	The hat is too big.	
3)	I want the smallest cake.	
4)	None of the boys are eating.	
5)	These cups are the same size.	